Standard Conditions (1992) governing the Negotiable FIATA MULTIMODAL TRANSPORT BILL OF LADING Definitions - "Freight Forwarder" means the Multimodal Transport Operator who issues this FBL and is named on the face of it and assumes liability for the performance of the multimodal transport contract as a carrier "Merchant" means and includes the Shipper, the Consigner, the Holder of the FBL "Consigner" means the person who concludes the multimodal transport contract as a carrier Forwarder "Consigner" means the person who concludes the multimodal transport contract with the Freight Forwarder "Consigner" means the person who concludes the multimodal transport contract with the Freight Forwarder "Consigner" means the person emitted to review the goods from the Freight Forwarder "Consigner" means that person emitted to review the goods from the Freight Forwarder "Consigner" means that person emitted to review the goods from the Freight Forwarder "Consigner" means that person emitted to review the goods from the Freight Forwarder "Consigner" means that person emitted to review the goods from the Freight Forwarder "Consigner" means that the goods to be a been honded for carriage by the Freight Forwarder, irrespective of whether such property is to be or is carried on or under deck. 1. Applicability - Nowthstanding the heading "FIATA Multimodal Transport Bill of Lading (FBL)" these conditions shall be continued. 2. Issuance of this FBL "South the goods are all to the goods and the first of the goods and t	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## Freight Frowarder* means the Multimodal Transport contract as a carrier, and the performance of the multimodal transport contract as a carrier, and the performance of the multimodal transport contract with the Freight Frowarder before the poods have been taken in his FBL, the Receiver and the Owner of the Goods. **Oronigner* means the person who concludes the multimodal transport contract with the Freight Frowarder and the Owner of the Goods. **Consigner* means the person who concludes the multimodal transport contract with the Freight Frowarder and the Owner of the Goods. **Taken in charge* means that the goods have been handed over to and accepted for carriage by the Freight Frowarder and the place of receipt evidenced in this FBL. The place of the place of receipt evidenced in this FBL. The place of the place of receipt evidenced in this FBL. The place of	
Forwarder: - "Consignee" means the person entitled to receive the goods from the Freight Forwarder and the person entitled to receive the goods have been handed over to and accepted for carriage by the Freight Forwarder at the place of receipt evidenced in this FBL. - "Goods" means any property including live animals as well as containers, pallets or similar articles of transport or packaging not supplied by the Freight Forwarder in this FBL. - "Goods" means any property including live animals as well as containers, pallets or similar articles of transport or packaging not supplied by the Freight Forwarder in this FBL. - "Goods" means any property including live animals as well as containers, pallets or similar articles of transport or packaging not supplied by the Freight Forwarder in this FBL. - "Goods" means any property including live animals as well as containers, pallets or similar articles of transport or packaging or in this FBL. - "Goods" means any property including live animals as well as containers, pallets or similar articles of the package or unit. - "Applicability on the Freight Forwarder in the goods lost or damaged on under deck. - "Susuance of this FBL. The FIRTH Multimodal Transport Bill to Container and the goods and the minimal transport and the goods are the minimal transport and the goods and the minimal transport and the goods are the minimal transport and the goods are the minimal transport and the provided another limit of liability as est out in the second tions. - "Subject to the conditions of this FBL. The Fight Forwarder shall be responsible for the acts and omissions were his own. - "Subject to the conditions of this FBL. The relight Forwarder shall be responsible form unless it is marked "non negotiable". It shall constitute title to the goods as described by such information unless a contrawy indicated the provider in the provider shall be primarce of the contract evidenced by this FBL, shall be entitled to receive to to transfer the goods and form unless it is marked	
transport or packaging not supplied by the Freight Forwarder, irrespective of whether such property is to be or is carried on or under deck. 1. Applicability Notwithstanding the heading "FIATA Multimodal Transport Bill of Lading (FBL)" these conditions shall also apply if only one mode of this FBL. 2. Issuance of this FBL. 3. By issuance of this FBL. The Freight Forwarder a) undertakes to perform and/or in his own name to procure the performance of the entire transport, from the place at which the goods are taken in charge (place of receipt evidenced in this FBL). 3. Explicit to the conditions of this FBL. The information of the performance of the entire transport, which is servants or agents acting within the scope of their employment, or any other person of whose services have been used in or the goods are then in charge (place of receipt evidenced by this FBL, as if such act and omissions were his own. 3. Negotiability and title to the goods 3.1. This FBL is issued in a negotiable form unless a contrary indication, such as "shippers' weight, load and count", "shipper-packed container" or similar expressions, has been made in the princial text or superimpseed on this FBL. However, proof to the contrary repression, has been made in the princial text or superimpseed on this FBL. However, proof to the contrary repression, has been made in the princial text or superimpseed on this FBL. However, proof to the contrary repression, has been made in the princial text or superimpseed on this FBL. However, proof to the contrary repression, has been made in the princial text or superimpseed on this FBL. However, proof to the contrary repression, has been made in the princial text or superimpseed on this FBL. However, proof to the contrary repression, has been made in the princial text or superimpseed on this FBL. However, proof to the contrary repression, has been made in the princial text or superimpseed on this FBL. However, proof to the contrary repression, has been made in the princial text or superimpseed on this F	
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the place of delivery designated in this FBL: b) assumes liability as et out in these conditions. 2.2. Subject to the conditions of this FBL the Freight Forwarder shall be responsible for the acts and omissions of his servants or agents acting within the scope of their employment, or any other person of whose services he makes use for the performance of the contract evidenced by this FBL, as if such acts and omissions were his own. 3. Negotiability and title to the goods 3.1. This FBL is issued in a negotiable form unless it is marked "non negotiable". It shall constitute title to the goods 3.1. This FBL is issued in a negotiable form unless it is marked "non negotiable". It shall constitute title to the goods and the holder, by endorsement of this FBL, shall be entitled to receive or to transfer the goods herein mentioned. 3.2. The information in this FBL shall be prima facie evidence of the taking in charge by the Freight Forwarder is not entitled to the benefit of the limitation of liability if it is proved that the loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss, damage or delay or reckless	
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the goods and the holder, by endorsement of this FBL, shall be entitled to receive or to transfer the goods herein mentioned. 3.2. The information in this FBL shall be prima facile evidence of the taking in charge by the Freight Forwarder of the goods as described by such information unless a contrary indication, such as "shipper's weight, load and count", "shipper-packed container" or similar expressions, has been made in the printed text or superimposed on this FBL. However, proof to the contrary shall not be admissible when the FBL has been transferred to the contrary shall not be admissible when the FBL has been transferred to the contrary shall not be admissible when the FBL has been transferred to the consignee for valuable consideration who in good faith has relied and acted thereon. 10. These conditions apply whenever claims relating to the performance of the contract of in tort. 11. The Merchant shall comply with rules which are mandatory according to the national law or by reason of International Convention, relating to the carriage of odos of a dangerous nature, and shall in any	0 0 0
in the printed text or superimposed on this FBL. However, proof to the contrary shall not be admissible when the FBL has been transferred to the consideration who in good faith has relied and acted thereon. 4. Dangerous Goods and Indemity 4.1. The Merchant shall comply with rules which are mandatory according to the national law or by reason of International Convention, relating to the particular person finduling any independent contractor) whose services have been used in order to perform the contract, whether such claims are founded in contract or in tort.	0 0
of International Convention, relating to the carriage of goods of a dangerous nature, and shall in any or in tort, and the aggregate liability of the Freight Forwarder and of such servants, agents or other	0
case inform the Freight Forwarder in writing of the exact nature of the danger, before goods of a dangerous nature are taken in charge by the Freight Forwarder and indicate to him, fined be, the dangerous nature are taken in charge by the Freight Forwarder, to the extent of these dangerous nature.	0
precautions to be taken. 4.2 if the Merchant falls to provide such information and the Freight Forwarder is unaware of the dangerous nature of the goods and the necessary precautions to be taken and if, at any time, they are demend to be a hazard to life or properly, they may at any place be unloaded, destroyed or rendered harmless, as be a hazard to life or properly, they may at any place be unloaded, destroyed or rendered harmless, as	0
circumstances may require, without compensation. The Merchant shall indemnify the Freight Forwarder against all loss, damage, liability, or expense arising out of their being taken in charge, or their carriage, or of any service incidental thereto. 104. The aggregate of the amounts recoverable from the Freight Forwarder and the persons referred to in	
The burden of proving that the Freight Forwarder knew the exact nature of the danger constituted by the carriage of the said goods shall rest on the Merchant. 4.3. If any goods shall become a danger to life or property, they may in like manner be unloaded or landed at arry place or destroyed or rendered harmless. It such danger was not caused by the fault and neglect deck and to choose or substitute the means, route and procedure to be followed in the handling,	. 0
of the Freight Forwarder he shall have no liability and the Merchant shall indemnify him against all loss, damage, liability and expense arising therefrom. 5. Description of Goods and Merchant's Packing and Inspection 5.1. The Consignor of his agent in accordance with this FBL, or when the goods have been handed over or placed at the disposal of the Consignor or his agent in accordance with this FBL, or when the goods have been handed over to place the thing the consignor or his agent in accordance with this FBL, or when the goods have been handed over to place the time.	-
the goods were taken in charge by the Freight Forwarder, of all particulars relating to the general nature of the goods, their marks, number, weight, volume and quantity and, if applicable, to the dangerous character of the goods, as furnished by him or on his behalf for insertion on the FBL. The Consignor shall indemnify the Freight Forwarder against all loss, damage and expense resulting from any inaccuracy or inadequacy of such particulars. The Consignor shall remain liable in the Freight Forwarder shall also be entitled to store the goods at the sole risk of the Merchant, and the Freight Forwarder shall also be entitled to store the goods at the sole risk of the Merchant, and the financuracy or inadequacy of such particulars. The Consignor shall remain liable to the first proverder shall also be entitled to store the goods at the sole risk of the Merchant, and the first proverder shall also be entitled to store the goods at the sole risk of the Merchant, and the first proverder shall also be entitled to store the goods at the sole risk of the Merchant to take delivery. 12. The Freight Forwarder shall also be entitled to store the goods at the sole risk of the law or regulation applicable at the place of delivery, the goods must be handed over, or such other place at which the Freight Forwarder shall also be entitled to store the goods at the sole risk of the law or regulation applicable at the place of delivery, the goods must be handed over, or such other place at which the Freight Forwarder shall also be entitled to store the goods at the sole risk of the law or regulation applicable at the place of delivery, the goods must be handed over, or such other place at which the Freight Forwarder shall also be entitled to store the goods at the sole risk of the Merchant to take delivery. 12. The Freight Forwarder shall also be entitled to store the goods at the place at which the Freight Forwarder shall also be entitled to store the goods and the place at the	
been transferred by him. The right of the Freight Forwarder to such an indemnity shall in no way limit his liability under this FBL to any person other than the Consignor. 1. Is always the Merchant to the Freight Forwarder. 12.3. If at any time the carriage under this FBL is or is likely to be affected by any hindrance or risk of any kind (including the condition of the goods) not arising from any fault or neglect of the Freight Forwarder or a	
units when such loading or packing has been performed by the Merchant or on his behalf by a person other than the Freight Forwarder, or by the defect or unsuitability of the containers or other transport units supplied by the Merchant, or if supplied by the Freight Forwarder if a defect or unsuitability of the units supplied by the Merchant, or if supplied by the Freight Forwarder if a defect or unsuitability of the	
Merchant. The Merchant shall indemnify the Freight Forwarder against all loss, damage, liability and expense so caused. 6. Freight Forwarder's Liability 6. Freight Forwarder's Liability 6. Freight Forwarder's Liability	
6.1. The responsibility of the Freight Forwarder for the goods under these conditions covers the period from the time the Freight Forwarder shat staken the goods in his charge to the time of the fellowery. 6.2. The Freight Forwarder shall be liable for loss of or damage to the goods as well as for delay in delivery if the occurrence which caused the loss, damage or delay in delivery took place while the goods were in his charge as defined in Clause 2.1. as unless the Freight Forwarder proves that no fault or neglect of his own, his sevants or agents or any other person reterned to in Clause 2.1. as unless the Freight Forwarder proves that no fault or neglect of his own, his sevants or agents or any other person reterned to in Clause 2.1. as unless the Freight Forwarder at the moment when the goods have been taken in his charge, and not to be returned in any event. 132. Freight and Charges 13.1. Freight shall be paid in cash, without any reduction or deferment on account of any claim, counterclaim or set-off, whether prepaid or payable at destination. Freight shall be considered as earned by the first own the properties of the moment when the goods have been taken in his charge, and not to be returned in his charge, and not to be returned in any event.	0
to such loss, damage or delay. However, the Freight Forwarder shall only be liable for loss following from delay in delivery if the Consignor has made a declaration of interest in timely delivery which has been accepted by the Freight Forwarder and stated in this FBL. 6.3. Arrival times are not guaranteed by the Freight Forwarder, However, delay in delivery occurs when the goods have not been delivered within the time expressly agreed upon or, in the absence of such	
agreement, within the time which would be reasonable to require of a diligent Freight Forwarder, having regard to the circumstances of the case. 13.3. All dues, taxes and charges or other expenses in connection with the goods shall be paid by the Merchant. Where equipment is supplied by the Freight Forwarder, the Merchant shall pay all demurrage and charges which are not due to a fault or needed of the Freight Forwarder.	
as lost. 6.5. When the Freight Forwarder establishes that, in the circumstances of the case, the loss or damage could be attributed to one or more causes or events, specified in a - of the present clause, it shall be presumed that it was so caused, always provided, however, that the claimant shall be noticed by the case of the declaration of contents. In surance, weight, the presumed that it was no caused, always provided, however, that the claimant shall be noticed by the case of the declaration of contents. In surance, weight, the present clause is the case of the declaration of contents. The surance is the case of the declaration of contents the case of the declaration of contents. The surance is the case of the declaration of contents to the case of the declaration of the case of th	
that the loss or damage was not, in fact, caused wholly or partly by one or more of such causes or everits: a) an act or omission of the Merchant, or person other than the Freight Forwarder acting on behalf of the Merchant or from whom the Freight Forwarder took the goods in charge; b) insufficiency or defective condition of the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on state of the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on the packaging or marks and/or numbers; c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on the packaging or marks and/or numbers; d) handling and the weight, measurem	
behalf of the Merchant; d) inherent tive of the goods; d) inherent tive of the goods; e) strike, lockout, stoppage or restraint of labour. 6.0. Despite the acceptance by the Freight Forwarder of instructions to collect freight, charges or other expenses from any other person in respect of the transport under this FBL. the Merchant shall remain responsible for such monies on receipt of evidence of demand and the absence of payment for whatever reason.	
or delay during such carriage has been caused by: a) act, neglect, or default of the master, mariner, pilot or the servants of the carrier in the navigation or in the management of the ship. b) fire, unless caused by the actual fault or privity of the carrier, however, always provided that 15. General Average General Average General Average General Average General Average General Average	0
can prove that due diligence has been exercised to make the ship seaworthy at the commencement of the voyage. ment of the voyage. Parameter of the voyage. The commencement of the voyage. The com	
7.1. These conditions shall only take effect to the extent that they are not contrary to the mandatory provisions of international Conventions or national law applicable to the contract evidenced by this FBL. 7.2. The Hague Rules contained in the International Convention for the unification of certain rules relating to	
Bills of Lading, dated Brussels 25th August 1924, or in those countries where they are already in force the Hague-Visby Rules contained in the Protocol of Brussels, dated 23rd February 1968, as enacted in the Country of Shipment, shall apply to all carriage of goods by sea and also the carriage of goods by sea and laso the carriage of goods by sea and such provisions shall apply to all carriage of goods whether carried on deck or under deck. 16.2 Where the loss or damage is not appearent, the same prima facie effect shall apply if notice in writing is not given within 6 consecutive days after the day when the goods were delivered to the consignee in accordance with clause 12. 17. Time bar The Freight Forwarder shall, unless otherwise expressly agreed, be discharged of all liability under	
7.3. The Carriage of Goods by Sea Act of the United States of America (COGSA) shall apply to the carriage of goods by sea, whether on deck or under deck, if compulsority applicable to this FBL or would be applicable but for the goods being carried on deck in accordance with a statement on this FBL. 8. Limitation of Freight Forwarder's Liability 8.1. Assessment of compensation for ios of or damage to the goods shall be made by reference to the	
value of such goods at the place and time they are delivered to the consignee or at the place and time when, in accordance with this FBL, they should have been so delivered. 8.2. The value of the goods shall be determined according to the current commodity exchange price or, if there is no such price, according to the current commodity exchange price or, if there is no such price, according to the current market price or, if there are no such prices, by reference to the normal value of goods of the same name and quality.	
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